

International Journal of Science and Research Archive

eISSN: 2582-8185 Cross Ref DOI: 10.30574/ijsra Journal homepage: https://ijsra.net/



(RESEARCH ARTICLE)



The future of InsurTech: CRM as a catalyst for embedded insurance models

Julker Nain *

Insurance Product Management Researcher.

International Journal of Science and Research Archive, 2025, 14(02), 1073-1087

Publication history: Received on 08 January 2025; revised on 15 February 2025; accepted on 17 February 2025

Article DOI: https://doi.org/10.30574/ijsra.2025.14.2.0489

Abstract

The merger of Customer Relationship Management (CRM) systems and insurance technology (InsurTech) creates revolutionary changes in the insurance sector by implementing embedded insurance programs. Embedded insurance models allow insurance products to appear without disruption on non-insurance platforms, including ride-sharing and e-commerce, offering improved accessibility and customer participation. This paper explores CRM functionality as the main component of embedded insurance while demonstrating API technology's characteristics in delivering immediate data exchanges and customized policy products.

This article examines the modern developments in CRM technologies and their probable impact on insurance distribution systems. Evaluating current industry adaptation integrates research concerning modern trends and technological development, demonstrating how CRM systems optimize insurance solutions through automated analytics-driven personalized services. Digital consumers have developed new requirements that force insurers to adopt transformed service methods centered on user-friendliness and operational agility.

The discussion demonstrates how CRM-based embedded insurance creates refined transactions while enhancing the evaluation of policy risks and building stronger relationships between insurers and policyholders. The ability of CRM to handle customer data and to improve user interactions with third-party tools stands as an essential element for creating the following generation of insurance solutions within the InsurTech domain.

The article offers predictions about CRM's potential in embedded insurance to guide insurance firms that want to expand and strengthen their customer relationships through technological advancements. CRM-driven innovations will transform customer insurance relationships through simplified interfaces and streamlined processes that mirror people's existing digital behavior.

Keywords: CRM systems; insurance; customized policy products; Industry

1. Introduction

InsurTech, the insurance technology sector, implements embedded insurance as a fundamental component in redefining modern insurance operations. Embedding insurance products means inserting insurance coverages directly when customers buy alternative products or services. Customers need not search for insurance independently since this model integrates insurance within main products, which drives convenience and generates higher adoption numbers. Digital ecosystem expansion makes Customer Relationship Management (CRM) systems more critical for developing and optimizing embedded insurance solutions. CRM systems' core function is managing client interactions, which now serves as an essential method that optimizes insurance integration across customer operations. CRM systems allow insurance product embedding through API applications and customer data-based analytical insights for

^{*} Corresponding author: Julker Nain

various industry sectors, including ride-sharing and e-commerce. According to this study, an evaluation of CRM system implementation and its effects on embedded insurance evolution takes place within modern digital marketplaces.

1.1. Research Objectives

The main research goal focuses on assessing CRM systems as they enable embedded insurance model adoption and growth. The essential connection between CRM functionalities and embedded insurance mechanisms must be understood as businesses use digital transformation to increase their operations. The research investigates CRM-based API integrations that make insurance more accessible within ride-sharing and e-commerce platforms to enhance customer interaction and choice-making behavior. The study identifies current trends and forecasts future developments of CRM API connections, specifically in rapidly advancing digital communal platforms. Research relies on current industry examination to establish predictions about embedded insurance development through the next few years. The study investigates the dual nature of advantages and obstacles arising when insurance gets integrated into digital networks. Embedded insurance benefits businesses with enhanced customer access while building trust and boosting sales, yet these solutions need resolution of privacy rules, security requirements, and connection standards for complete success. The successful deployment and extensive adoption of embedded insurance methods need solutions.



Figure 1 Generative AI in insurance: Use cases, solutions, development and implementation

Industries that digitalize their services heavily depend on CRM systems, which deliver essential customer experience continuity. Insurance consumption experiences fundamental change using CRM technologies, which enable insurance components to be used in regular business transactions. Customer insurance no longer requires additional establishments as it has organically integrated within consumer trust platforms they utilize daily. Businesses and insurers gain access to data-driven decision systems and improve engagement activities from this transformation. This research examines the promising development of CRM integration with embedded insurance and its present effects and prospective vision.

2. Background

2.1. The Evolution of InsurTech

The modern insurance sector has experienced profound changes in recent decades because of evolving technology that has reorganized basic operational models. InsurTech businesses created through the combination of insurance operations and technology components have completely transformed how insurers meet both internal needs and customer requirements. Insurance companies used to distribute through traditional processes, including face-to-face sales and written documents coupled with intermediary brokers and agents. The conventional methods brought effective results, but their effective practices led to costly inefficiency and restricted customer convenience.

Digitalization increased technological adoption and operation optimization and improved customer experiences across the insurance industry. The digital platform InsurTech combines multiple technological solutions like artificial intelligence and blockchain to create efficiency gains with reduced costs and customer-specific insurance products. Digital platforms enabled insurers to develop distinct insurance policies that adapt to specific customer needs instead of standard policies.

Embedded insurance emerges as the leading InsurTech innovation because it revolutionizes the purchase and consumption of insurance products. Embedded insurance describes the direct inclusion of insurance services within regular procedures so customers no longer need to buy single insurance products independently. The insurance coverage acquisition process has become more accessible through this model, allowing customers to purchase insurance when they buy goods or services at the point of sale. Customers can obtain travel insurance during flight ticket purchases as an additional feature, while electronic device buyers can choose to incorporate warranty insurance. Digital platforms integrating insurance allow businesses to grant immediate coverage, which builds client trust while boosting conversion rates for their operations.

Embedded insurance depends heavily on state-of-the-art data analytics because insurers can determine risk profiles more precisely and create pricing solutions with better competitiveness. Insurers succeed in generating better customer understanding through the analysis of data from online transactions and consumer activities along with IoT device information. Through artificial intelligence technology, the insurance sector learns to electronically manage underwriting procedures, perform claim fraud detection, and generate quick policy suggestions from collected customer information. Blockchains have become more popular in InsurTech solutions because they help companies implement transparent policy management systems with enhanced security and efficient claims processing systems.

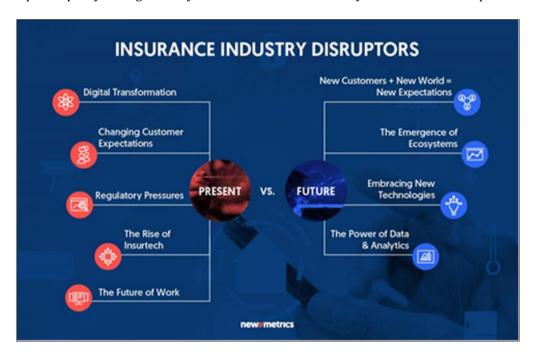


Figure 2 The Future of the Insurance Industry

InsurTech technology has achieved more than operational productivity gains and customer convenience because it creates expanded financial opportunities. Healthcare insurance previously served underserved populations poorly because expensive distribution systems and complicated underwriting systems led to their exclusion. Through their combination of digital platforms and artificial intelligence assessments, insurers now extend coverage to more people, such as remote populations and consumers lacking financial understanding. The transformative power of technology allows microinsurance to be developed, providing affordable coverage options for low-income individuals and showing how technology can bring financial protection to everybody.

The evolving InsurTech industry leads regulatory bodies to develop new frameworks that match the developing market. Establishing regulatory frameworks focuses on maintaining an innovative balance with adequate consumer safety from worldwide governmental and regulatory agencies. Regulatory bodies implemented sandboxes in different territories to provide InsurTech startups with testing space to test their products before their full-scale commercial deployment. The programs protect the insurance ecosystem from unethical behavior by ensuring new technologies meet legal requirements for sustainability and security.

The insurance industry experienced transformation through InsurTech evolution, resulting in more customer-oriented, data-dependent operations and higher operational efficiency. The industry's migration from conventional operations to technical-based solutions enables improved customer satisfaction, business growth for insurers, and better

profitability. InsurTech will assume amplified importance in modifying insurance product creation, distribution, and management systems in the future because of rising digital speed.

2.2. CRM in the Insurance Industry

All businesses across multiple sectors deem Customer Relationship Management (CRM) essential because it lets them control customer interactions while boosting engagement to establish enduring business relationships. CRM systems have become indispensable in the insurance sector in creating uninterrupted communication between insurers and policyholders. InsurTech and embedded insurance now demand that CRM systems take center stage in the insurance industry.

Before the evolution of technology, CRM systems worked across banking sectors and retail and healthcare organizations while uniting customer data and tracking client relationships through marketing initiatives. The systems tracked complete customer data, including behaviors, purchase information, and responses, so that organizations could provide individualized help. Insurance companies demonstrated slow CRM system adoption during the early stages because of their classic systems and structured business frameworks. Insurers began understanding how advanced CRM solutions could advance customer service delivery while enabling better customer interaction when digital transformation accelerated.

Insurers now use CRM systems connected to InsurTech to process customer data effectively, which helps them create customized and appropriate insurance products. Insurers use analytics to examine customer population characteristics, purchasers, and records to develop personalized insurance solutions. A CRM system that tracks customer flight bookings can automatically suggest travel insurance options when a customer shows international travel patterns. When customers buy a new car, the system recommends auto insurance plans according to vehicle specifications and driving behavior. The customized approach delivers superior customer satisfaction and leads to better adoption rates of insurance policies.

Application programming interfaces (APIs) are important enablers for insurance companies' CRM solutions. APIs serve as data exchange tools that connect CRM platforms to third-party applications, thus enabling insurers to integrate their insurance features into various digital domains. An insurance provider's CRM system enables extended warranties and accident coverage to be offered directly from an e-commerce electronic device market during checkout. CRM systems enabled insurance providers to supply real-time insurance options without forcing customers to access separate websites or perform additional paperwork.

AI-powered insurance sector CRM solutions underwent additional transformations, enhancing customer engagement. AI-powered virtual assistants that function within CRM platforms allow insurers to deliver support to their customers across all platforms instantly. AI tools give answers, handle claims, and suggest policies that match customer profiles. Machine learning algorithms analyzing customer behavior through predictive analytics enable organizations to determine the future insurance requirements of their clients. The CRM system detects new city residency by measuring customer behavior and recommends property-tailored home insurance coverage.

CRM systems successfully enhance customer retention and loyalty through operation personalization and automation. Insurance companies access CRM data to detect policyholders at risk of changing insurers, thus launching specialized efforts to maintain their clients. Customers receive automated notifications about policy renewals, loyalty rewards, and unique offers transmitted through CRM platforms to sustain their continued involvement. Implementing proactive communication allows insurers to gain customers' trust, enhancing brand reputation.

The implementation of CRM in insurance requires handling data security measures as well as following compliance regulations. Because customer data remains sensitive, insurers must follow strict data protection rules, including guidelines and standards from their particular industry. Implementing advanced CRM systems comes with complete security features containing data encryption standards, platform permissions management, and persistent tracking capabilities that maintain regulatory standards and protect customer information.

The essential value of CRM systems in delivering consistent customer-driven interactions will remain vital since the insurance sector continues to transform. InsurTech partnerships with CRM solutions enable modern insurers to develop smarter professional insurance programs with enhanced convenience and precise personalization while achieving greater efficiency. AI, automation, and data analytics advances position insurance providers who adopt modern CRM technology solutions for better customer need fulfillment and digital market sustainability.

3. Embedded Insurance Models

3.1. Concept and Benefits

The transactional insertion of insurance coverage through embedded insurance models changes how people engage with insurance products while transacting with them daily. Customers no longer need to seek separate insurance policies because embedded insurance integrates into product purchasing processes. Customers are shown insurance choices when they require coverage during the purchase of flights or smartphone acquisitions and ride-sharing services. This method makes the insurance-purchasing experience more seamless and operational because resistance is minimized.

Embedded insurance provides increased convenience to users as a significant benefit. The investigation process for obtaining coverage has become unnecessary because customers now find insurance directly available at the point of purchase. Insurance presents itself to buyers when they purchase a product, enabling them to decide on coverage easily without extra work. Embedded insurance streamlines the traditional insurance procedure, thus serving a wider population by eliminating complexity.

Another significant advantage is personalization. Insurance companies use Customer Relationship Management (CRM) data to gain knowledge about customer buying activities combined with their personal preferences and risk characteristics. The insurers can design customized insurance products that meet individual preferences supported by their lifestyle information. A person who uses car rentals through a mobility service receives custom insurance deals for short-term coverage rates. Purchasers of expensive electronic devices would automatically receive individualized warranty or damage protection coverage options. Customer adoption rates increase when embedded insurance develops insurance products based on real-time individual requirements.

Embedded insurance provides substantial cost-saving advantages to its users. The insurance distribution process through traditional channels includes multiple intermediaries and marketing expenses with administrative costs that generate higher expense levels. This insurance system connects seamlessly to established platforms to substantially reduce distribution expenses. Insurers can move insurance costs through technology automation toward sustainable prices, which benefits their clients through lower premiums. Embedded insurance provides reduced acquisition costs because it presents itself to customers during their purchasing process. Disabled expenses promote beneficial outcomes for insurance companies and customers while establishing an advantageous arrangement.

Combining embedded insurance models results in higher customer confidence and better satisfaction levels. Most insurance buyers avoid purchasing coverage because they find insurance difficult to understand or see no reason for it. Insurance products within trusted platforms help insurers eliminate concerns that deter customers from purchasing insurance coverage. Users tend to buy insurance more confidently from a platform since they already perceive it as dependable. Increased trust in the insurance provider improves customer satisfaction throughout the experience.

Furthermore, embedded insurance enhances accessibility. Standard insurance systems demand active policy research from consumers, leading many people who lack experience to avoid insurance purchases. Embedded insurance enables consumers to receive coverage directly through regular purchase interactions, guaranteeing more individuals will obtain the protection they need. Underinsured or uninsured individuals find it easy to purchase insurance after receiving convenient options during transactions that would otherwise not interest them.

3.2. Role of CRM in Embedded Insurance

CRM systems are crucial to embedded insurance success, which gives insurers crucial client insights and smooth access to digital integration platforms. The central function of CRM systems is to store data that gathers information about customer transactions and habits, personal preferences, and demographic data. Insurers can optimize their embedded insurance solutions by applying data-based methods to decide what products to offer, set prices, and communicate with customers effectively because of extensive available data.

Table 1 A Side-By-Side Comparison Of Traditional Crm Vs. Api-Driven Crm For Embedded Insurance

Feature	Traditional CRM	API-Driven CRM
Integration	Limited, requires manual setup	Seamless, integrates via APIs
Customization	Rigid, predefined workflows	Highly flexible, adaptable workflows
Scalability	Difficult to scale without high costs	Easily scales with business growth
Automation	Limited automation, manual processes	Advanced automation with real-time data
Data Accessibility	Siloed data, harder to retrieve insights	Real-time access to customer & policy data
User Experience	Standardized UI, less adaptable	Fully customizable UI for seamless experience
Time to Market	Longer deployment cycles	Faster deployment with API connectivity
Compliance & Security	Managed internally, high maintenance	API providers ensure compliance and security
Third-Party Integrations	Limited, requires middleware	Direct API connections with insurers, fintech, etc.
Cost Efficiency	Higher operational costs	Lower costs due to automation and efficiency

Real-time data exchange is a major benefit CRM systems deliver to embedded insurance operations. Modern customer relationship management systems utilize built-in application programming interfaces to establish immediate communication between insurers, commerce websites, t, portation applications, and land service providers. Insurers can create insurance offerings that use up-to-the-minute customer details through immediate information exchange. Customers who book flights online receive travel insurance recommendations through an embedded CRM system that evaluates their travel records during checkout. Insurance companies can use current data analysis to match customers with insurance plans that are timely and meaningful to their needs.

The system functionality of predictive analytics is a vital component that CRM systems deliver for embedded insurance. The analysis capabilities of CRM platforms enable predictions about customer demands and specific interests together with possible security risks. Through predictive analytics, insurers can provide risk protection products according to each customer's activities and preferences. A CRM system that analyzes customer purchase patterns can determine frequent expensive gadget purchases, leading the insurer to present a specialized electronics protection plan. When a customer engages in outdoor activities frequently, the system should suggest accident and adventure insurance coverage. Insurers leverage predictive analytics to enhance their product line and prepare appropriate coverages that customers need before they become aware of their requirements.

The fundamental ability provided by CRM systems is the integration of services across multiple platforms. APIs enable CRM platforms to integrate smoothly with various digital services, allowing insurers to embed their products on numerous customer touchpoints. The user experience benefits from CRM-powered integration because it streams life insurance through banking apps and travel booking platforms, and product warranty protection through online marketplaces. People can buy insurance directly from their current platform yet never need to visit external sites and can do so without filling out different applications. The high integration level delivers better customer convenience while raising insurance conversion numbers.

Customer Relationship Management (CRM) systems permit insurance companies to contact their client base continuously. Continuing customer engagement within embedded insurance systems becomes essential to sustain customer loyalty and retention because this insurance type relies mostly on digital transactions. Customer Relationship Management automation tools enable insurance companies to deliver individualized follow-up communications triggered by customer-defined preferences. The CRM system will provide automatic policy benefit notifications, claims procedure information, and renewal options to customers who acquire embedded insurance for their products. Regularly exchanging information between insurers and their customers improves relationship quality, increasing repeat business.

CRM systems boost fraud detection capabilities and risk evaluation processes for embedded insurance delivery models. Customer behavior analysis from CRM systems helps identify warning signs that show possible fraudulent activities. The CRM system highlights suspicious activities when customers file multiple claims using different identities while

buying high-risk insurance coverage through unorthodox procedures. Through their proactive method, insurers reduce potential risks, which sustains the integrity of their embedded insurance programs.

CRM-powered embedded insurance enables insurers to create advanced pricing plans using dynamic pricing models. Insurers can understand customer risk profiles better by analyzing data, which allows them to develop appropriate pricing structures. The combination of the ride-sharing company offers and embedded accident insurance allows inspection of customer driving behavior and claims history to generate individualized pricing rules through CRM data applications. The dynamic pricing system provides users with fair and personalized cost assessments, simultaneously enabling insurers' risk management processing within CRM systems, making it possible for embedded insurance policies to process claims in an automated manner. Insurance claims procedures consume too much time because they demand comprehensive paperwork, which irritates customers during their dealings with the system. When embedded insurance uses CRM systems, it enables faster claims management by letting automated verification run automatically while leveraging customer data stored in the system. Olden customers receive automated claims start-up through their embedded travel insurance whenever a travel delay occurs. Through automation, operations become more efficient while creating better customer satisfaction by minimizing the problems linked to claims.

Embedded insurance requires CRM systems to function because they are essential to operations. Insurers can enhance their insurance solutions by using real-time data exchange and predictive analytics alongside cross-platform integration, personalized communication, fraud detection, and dynamic pricing features that CRM systems provide. Digital transaction expansion will benefit from CRM integration with embedded insurance. This combination will improve access to affordable insurance while increasing customer satisfaction, so insurance becomes a fundamental component of daily life.

4. Trends in API-Driven CRM Integrations

Modern Customer Relationship Management (CRM) has been operating through substantial changes recently because API-driven integrations are the central drivers of this evolution. Multiple insurance companies and RI,de-sharing, and e-commerce sectors now employ APIs to optimize operations and enhance customer satisfaction while establishing and gandiestablish. This part discusses major API-driven CRM integration developments, including insurance and ride-sharing platform utilization of open APIs and e-commerce application of APIs.

4.1. Rise of Open APIs in Insurance

Open APIs have transformed how insurance businesses operate due to successful implementation, allowing insurers to incorporate their products for smooth integration with outside platforms easily. Through open APIs, insurers can effortlessly link with external partners by sharing data and services, thus facilitating connections to e-commerce websites, ride-sharing apps, and various service providers. This trend has transformed the insurance sector's operational model and customer engagement methods.

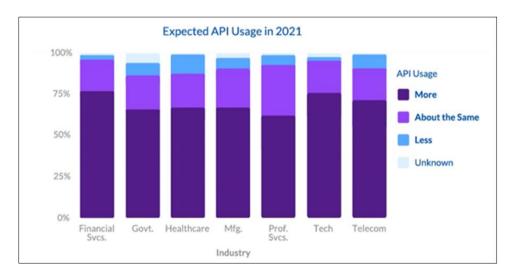


Figure 3 API Adoption On the Rise Across All Industries

Open APIs provide major advantages by enhancing how customers experience their interactions with insurance services. Through API implementation, insurance companies embed customer insurance options during ongoing transactions with external services. Such a situation occurs when customers book ride-sharing services or make online purchases because the insurance provider can deliver appropriate coverage options in those moments. The integration of insurance options within these service interfaces lets insurers deliver suitable options seamlessly to customers without disrupting their selected services.

Open APIs provide insurers with features to exchange data securely between various platforms. Insurance providers achieve better customer information sharing through this approach when creating personalized insurance products. Insurers can produce customized insurance products through their ability to collect customer purchase histories and browsing interactions with added location data access. Travelers often receive travel insurance when booking flights, and customers who purchase new devices receive protection plan offers. The highly personalized products resulting from API implementation create superior customer interactions while boosting the rates of new policy acquisitions.

Through open APIs, insurers improve operational efficiency by creating automated procedures that include claim processes, payment, and customer communication tasks. Insurers achieve better efficiency, reduce errors, and ensure customers get accurate and timely information through CRM system connections to third-party platforms.

4.2. Ride-Sharing Platforms and CRM Integration

The data collected by ride-sharing providers Uber and Lyft comprises information about all their driver and passenger participants. The database offers a crucial understanding of what customers do and their specific choices and requirements. Insurers gain better customer-specific insurance offerings through CRM-system integration with ride-sharing platforms, allowing them to access substantial data resources.

The realm where personalized driver insurance represents an opportunity for innovation exists as a potentially lucrative space. Ride-sharing platforms secured through CRM data enable them to create customized auto insurance solutions for their drivers. Insurers use data evaluation methods to develop variable insurance offers that match specific risks in individual driver profiles. The insurance coverage plan would differ between a driver operating in dense traffic zones during peak hours and a driver mostly driving in suburban settings. Real-time driving behavior monitoring by insurers allows them to give premium discounts when drivers prove excellent vehicle operation skills.

CRM integration makes substantial impacts possible on passenger insurance coverage strategies. Regarding traditional insurance policies, passengers gain protection benefits only after buying their separate insurance plan. Through ridesharing platform CRM data analysis, insurers can provide insurance coverage immediately following a passenger's booking. Insurers would give safety insurance packages to passengers, from ride-booking through medical coverage and trip cancellation protection, that stay active during their journey. The integrated system enables CRM users to enjoy smooth interactions between passengers and drivers through employed offerings.

Through CRM system integration with ride-sharing platforms, insurers can establish fresh prospects to promote additional service offerings to their users. Under this concept, insurers provide an insurance bundle that safeguards drivers and passengers within one policy structure. By implementing this approach, insurers obtain expansion opportunities for new customers while increasing value delivery to users of ride-sharing services.

4.3. E-Commerce and Embedded Insurance

Insurance companies can use API-driven CRM integrations to advance their marketing capabilities through e-commerce platforms. The fast expansion of online shopping enables Amazon and eBay to introduce integrated insurance solutions for their user base. Insurers can integrate CRM systems with e-commerce platforms to create personalized insurance services throughout the customer experience.

Through product protection plans, online stores use embedded insurance as a standard practice. The CRM system automatically offers protected products through customized plans that assess customer history and current purchase categories. The purchasing process includes product protection options that match the specific needs of laptop customers with warranties and accidental damage coverage, whereas smartphone buyers get theft or screen protection services. Fusing insurance offerings with the e-commerce journey improves purchasing choices and generates trust that purchased goods have safety protection.

In e-commerce, CRM systems provide substantial value by handling shipping insurance policies. E-commerce customers face constant risks of order items getting lost or sustaining damage or delays during shipping processes. Through their

understanding of CRM data, insurers can develop specific shipping insurance plans that consider order values in combination with delivery destinations and the past shipping activities of each customer. The customer history of purchasing high-value international shipments justifies premium shipping coverage, yet the subscriber of small domestic packages will receive standard amenities. The individualized shipment insurance solution simultaneously delivers enhanced customer satisfaction and minimized monetary risks for delivery expenses.

E-commerce platforms leverage customer relationship management data to develop insights about customers' requirements because they provide customized insurance products with proper timing. The CRM system identifies travel product purchases from customers, allowing it to recommend travel insurance when users book flights or reserve hotel accommodations. The platform would recommend custom-made car insurance services to customers who recently bought vehicles.

5. Challenges and Limitations

Embedded insurance promises a bright future, but its industry must overcome several obstacles that must be managed cautiously to reach commercial success. The rising attraction of embedded insurance demands immediate solutions to its intricate problems, primarily affecting digital platform-driven industries. Important barriers to embedded insurance development include data protection matters, security concerns, and regulatory requirements that impact the future business prospects of embedded insurance products.

5.1. Data Privacy and Security

Embedded insurance encounters a major challenge in maintaining proper protection for customer-sensitive data. Through deep digital integration, insurance providers will gain strong access to substantial personal and financial information. Insurance companies store sensitive customer data, which puts them at risk of breaches and cyberattacks when proper security measures are absent. Insurance industry specifics demand the utmost protection for sensitive matters, including complete medical history, information, and person identification.

Customer data protection consists of multiple safeguards that start with safe storage systems and progress through encrypted data transfer. Insufficient information protection would trigger serious consequences, such as customers abandoning trust, regulatory penalties, and possible legal responsibilities. Digitization increases interaction volume between insurers and their customers, resulting in more transferred data. Because of this, an advanced cybersecurity infrastructure becomes essential to fight against growing security threats.



Figure 4 Customer Data Protection

The public has sharpened awareness about how digital information is distributed across the Internet. Insurers must deploy next-generation security systems alongside strict security practices to protect customer information with

maximum protection. The security measure reduces cyber threats and gives peace of mind about protecting sensitive data.

The vital issue involves data ownership and user consent beyond protecting clients from cyber threats. Under embedded insurance models, insurers empower third-party platforms to obtain customer data while performing data processing tasks for insurance provider purposes. Such arrangements create difficulties both in terms of data ownership and data utilization. The lack of customer awareness about information utilization poses transparency issues and worries customers about potential misuse. Insurers must formalize terms with third parties about managing customer data practices and completely disclose data utilization and storage and sharing protocols to their customers.

5.2. Regulatory Compliance

Insurance embedding into third-party platforms requires insurers to face challenges stemming from the diverse set of regulations within the market. Insurance sector regulations display substantial differences when examining them among countries and regional areas of single countries. Insurance companies encounter complex barriers when they want to roll out embedded insurance solutions between different regulatory jurisdictions. Multiple countries where a platform embeds insurance products would require it to follow different regulatory framework regulations because each jurisdiction has distinct requirements and legal limitations.

The various governing requirements create organizational dilemmas for operations. The insurance industry needs to monitor current legal progress because it includes amendments in consumer defense legislation, data protection standards, and mandatory licensing provisions. To provide embedded insurance products across certain regions, insurers must acquire specific licenses to enable them to proceed with operations. Extended product delivery times, increased management expenses, and potential legal violations become risks when regulations are not properly followed.

Insurers face difficulties when trying to embed insurance within global third-party platforms because many jurisdictions demand specific inspections of insurer solvency and capital adequacy. Combining regulatory compliance standards with profitability demands insurers to reorganize their business strategies, mainly in regions with strict capital rules.

The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and other international regulatory benchmarks have become essential because they enforce standards regarding personal data collection tra, transfer, and processing procedures. Insurers develop protective measures for customer privacy and risk penalties for non-compliance when following such regulations.

The diverse regulatory landscape becomes more challenging because many third-party platforms providing embedded insurance do not face identical inspections to traditional insurers. Different insurance platforms in the market provide varying levels of consumer protection, which could lead to lawsuits that threaten insurers who work with these platforms. Insurers must inspect third-party partners carefully to verify they follow relevant regulations, although those platforms might be beyond regulatory verification.

5.3. Customer Trust

Some consumers delay implementing embedded insurance because they lack confidence in the providers. The personal nature of insurance as a product makes consumers reluctant to buy it through untrusted third-party platforms, which they consider unknown. The reluctance stems from consumers not typically dealing with insurance products in specific industries, including e-commerce and ride-sharing.

Customers fail to trust insurance companies because of a fundamental lack of transparency. Embedded insurance consumers need clear proof that purchased policy products fit their requirements, command reasonable premiums, and deliver satisfactory protection. Embedded insurance products typically have less product transparency than traditional insurance since they generally receive inadequate marketing clarity. The clarity regarding policy terms stands unclear in some situations, while the true coverage limitations and policy exclusions remain unidentified to consumers. Customers experience dissatisfaction through this process even though their needs match the product since the initial marketing failed to instill confidence about the ultimate product quality.

Customer distrust develops when customers believe they are paying hidden costs. Many customers doubt they pay too much for embedded insurance when companies combine cost with product or service payments. Some insurance consumers feel the premium charges are vaguely presented without clarity while experiencing unnecessary costs for

unneeded insurance coverage. Customers need to understand the exact prices and clear clarification of insurance benefits to develop trust in the embedded insurance products.

Consumer trust faces challenges because customers find it difficult to identify conflicts of interest that might arise between insurance providers and consumers. The insurance products selected by embedded insurance platforms for sale may create doubts about prioritizing consumer welfare because these platforms often have incentives to promote certain insurance types. Customer faith in third-party platforms diminishes when they recognize financial self-serving strategies taking precedence over providing what they require, which causes them to avoid purchasing insurance from embedded offerings.

Insurers must make embedded insurance more successful through open disclosure, robust consumer education efforts, and precise explanations. Insurance providers operating embedded platforms must fully explain insurance products to their customers by presenting complete terms and conditions in easily digestible formats. Insurers need to deliver multiple insurance plan options to their customers so they can easily find coverage that suits their requirements.

The long-term growth of embedded insurance models depends on creating comfortable conditions for customers who purchase insurance through this approach. Embedded insurance's widespread adoption depends on maintaining customer trust because a lack of confidence could prevent market growth.

6. The Future of CRM and Embedded Insurance

The Customer Relationship Management systems within InsurTech will experience substantial modifications in future years due to modern technology developments. Industrial integration of embedded insurance solutions will depend heavily on CRM systems to provide timely, relevant, personalized insurance products for customers. InsurTech CRM development will significantly evolve because of automation, intelligence (AI), and data-driven decision-making trends. Insurance companies will gain operational potential,mer interaction, and advanced adaptability through these emerging technologies.

6.1. Predictive and Behavioral Analytics

Predictive and behavioral analytics are the most important future advancements in CRM systems. The advanced tools enable insurers to forecast customer needs ahead of their actual occurrence. CRM systems predict future customer conduct along with multiple data sources, including consumer relational data, buying patterns, and population breakdowns. Insurers can provide proactive customer-specific insurance products through this advanced insight, reducing their requirement to respond to customer needs while improving customer experience measurement.

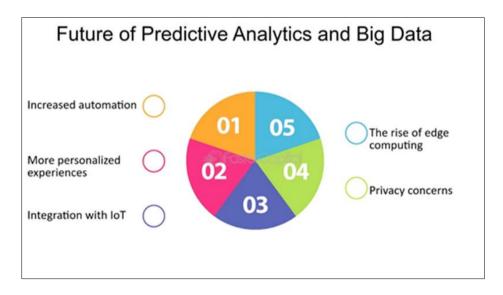


Figure 5 Predictive Analytics And Big Data

Predictive analytics systems will help insurers better divide their customer lists into distinct groups through which they can identify clients with the high-value potential to buy supplemental insurance products or continue existing coverage. Insurers increase the effectiveness of their marketing approaches through strategic target development when they study customer decision-making elements. The implemented systems enable insurers to shape their offerings according to market trends and customer preferences, thus retaining market competitiveness despite market overcrowding.

Insurance organizations will use behavioral analytics to uncover customer problems and develop optimal solutions for their insurance process. The interaction patterns between customers and various touchpoints help CRM systems detect areas where customers encounter obstacles while making their journey. Insurers gain this information to transform their process operations into more efficient, better-focused workflows and customer-oriented systems. The system's outcome delivers distinctive customer treatment based on each client's exclusive characteristics, habits, and requirements.

6.2. The Rise of AI-powered Claims Processing

Avocado's integration of Artificial Intelligence-based claims processing will transform CRM systems in the upcoming years. Many insurance customers face prolonged, complicated, and annoying experiences while submitting their claims today. All technology allows insurers to manage automated claims while making their insurance processes more effective and customer-friendly.

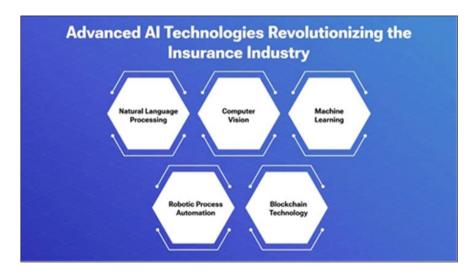


Figure 6 How AI Is Transforming Claims Processing in the Insurance Industry

By implementing machine learning and natural language processing technologies, CRM systems will become more effective at processing claims faster and more precisely. AI brings better claim evaluation through data analysis because it reveals patterns and finds suspicious claims while determining claim severity levels beyond the capability of ordinary adjusters. Elaborate claim processing and reduced time delays will permit insurers to deliver faster settlement approval to customers.

Volatility is one among several advantages that AI-powered claims processing delivers to the insurance industry. Implementing automation systems will enhance claim assessment precision, meaning customers will receive proper compensation for their losses. The evaluation process with AI relies on multiple elements, including policy details and historical claims statistics, and integrates social media insights for overall improved decision protocols. Implementing AI reduces human mistakes, generating consistent results for policyholders in their claims evaluation process.

AI-based integration within claims processing encourages customers to benefit from easier and clearer processing experiences. Automated systems, through real-time updates, will continuously notify customers about their claim status throughout the processing time. AI claims processing systems identify opportunities to personalize service recommendations about coverage modifications, policy renewal, and extra service needs based on individual circumstances.

Implementing AI-powered claims processing by insurers delivers benefits that spread past positive customer perceptions across three areas. The automation of standard operations enables insurers to bring their skilled human workers toward challenging and valuable claims assessment. The elimination of operational expenses combined with

improved profitability constitute the outcomes of this system implementation. Insurers deploy AI systems to detect fraudulent claims during the initial evaluation period, thus saving money and safeguarding the claim processing system from loss of trust.

Insurers will embrace innovative business approaches because they have adopted AI-powered claims processing systems. Insurers will generate personalized insurance products through integrated AI technologies within CRM strategies, allowing for exact customizations to meet specific customer requirements. The process enables insurers to create price profiles that adapt automatically when tracking real-time data and simultaneously provide individualized coverages with better service responsiveness. AI-based claim processing enables insurers to utilize resources for offering enhanced customer-centric services as they establish deepening customer relationships.

The increasing popularity of embedded insurance throughout industries requires CRM systems to transform their capabilities to deliver efficient integrated solutions to users. Predictive and behavioral analytics and AI-powered claims processing are major drivers that have directed this evolution in the industry. Insurance companies implementing these technologies will improve operational efficiency and develop personalized and satisfying experiences that fulfill customer needs. Customer Relationship Management systems will become the essential foundation of an insurance industry ecosystem that merges technology with human expertise to create the best outcomes for insurers together with their customers in the future.

7. Conclusion

InsurTech industry advancement relies heavily on combining CRM systems with embedded insurance models in its future development path. Embedded insurance integration with CRM systems creates the ongoing technological potential to modify provider customer touchpoints and insurance delivery capabilities. The fast expansion of API-powered platforms drives the creation of insurance solutions that provide personalized insurance services through more effective and seamless processes to both insurers and e-commerce and ride-sharing sectors. Industry growth will increase through AI technologies, predictive analytics, data analysis, and other advancements, eventually creating embedded insurance solutions that match each customer's specific requirements during times of need.

Embedded insurance requires CRM systems to gain enhanced importance in delivering solutions since these systems traditionally manage customer relationships and business functional operations. InsurTech space companies can optimize their procedures while providing user-tailored experiences through embedded insurance when their CRM system connects with embedded insurance models. Through embedded insurance, customers gain access to coverage by receiving insurance products when they purchase goods and services without contacting traditional insurance providers. Consumers achieve greater convenience through this model, and insurers and other businesses obtain fresh possibilities to expand their customer networks.

The extensive use of Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) is a major element that leads CRM systems to integrate with embedded insurance functions. Through Application Programming Interfaces, insurers, e-commerce providers, and ride-sharing operators can add insurance solutions to their operational systems. Insurers can retrieve real-time customer information through API systems to tailor insurance products with individualized preferences, behavior, behavior data, and risk characteristics. By doing so, the insurance industry produces solutions that perfectly match individual customer demands. The customer experience becomes more pleasant because traditional obstacles like extensive paperwork, unclear processes, and cumbersome purchasing procedures disappear.

CRM systems specifically improve the functionality of embedded insurance models in business operations. The tracking features in CRM platforms enable businesses to study customer interactions, revealing critical customer behavior patterns and preference tendencies. Insurance providers using this information can make insurance plans that meet individual customer preferences. The data from CRM systems permits ride-sharing services to design personal insurance policies that fit drivers based on their recorded behavior patterns and related risk factors. E-commerce platforms can base their offering of product protection or warranty insurance on customer purchase records, thus providing the appropriate coverage at the time of purchase.

Insurers use advanced analytics to interpret data from CRM-driven embedded insurance solutions since these solutions show continuous development. Predictive analytics systems help insurance companies detect possible risks so that they offer preventive solutions to their customers. Analyses of lengthy customer databases provide opinions about demographics, buying behaviors, and social media habits, enabling insurers to create targeted products for specific moments. Insurers can predict when customers will face risks through driving pattern analysis, and then they can provide tailored coverage according to the customer's risk profile. The ability of insurance companies to anticipate

customer requirements through personalized products represents a major evolution beyond standard insurance. In contrast, customers once depended on their understanding of risks until finding available coverages.

None of the current business transformations would be possible without the essential contribution of artificial intelligence (AI). Multiple insurance operations can now be automated through artificial intelligence technology, enhancing process efficiency and precision. The predictive capabilities of AI systems allow insurance companies to spot suitable sales opportunities for their embedded insurance products, which improves their service quality toward their customers. Through machine learning algorithms, insurers enhance product refinements by processing customer reactions and conduct, keeping delivered products meaningful throughout the period. Competitive leadership in a digital customer-focused market depends on organizations to stay flexible and fast to market changes.

Insurance has entered a new phase because insurance firms integrate customer relationship management tools and embedded insurance models with artificial intelligence and predictive analytics technology. The transformation to highly customized insurance products defines a fundamental breakdown from traditional conformity-based insurance methods, which were standard for the industry. Insurers leverage their access to data and advanced technologies to produce highly relevant embedded products that complement the customer experience. The convenience of these products goes hand in hand with enhanced effectiveness because they apply solutions directly to customer needs while they happen.

InsurTech industry growth will lead to more connections between insurers and e-commerce ventures and ride-sharing companies forming new business alliances. Through strategic partnerships, insurers will expand their business network, allowing them to provide customizable insurance products that meet unique customer requirements. CRM systems with embedded insurance models will form a crucial part of this development process by enabling businesses to build automated data-based customer interactions that drive sustained customer loyalty.

References

- [1] Accenture. (2023). Reimagining insurance: The new cloud imperative. Accessed on 6 March 2024 from https://www.accenture.com/content/dam/accenture/final/industry/insurance/document/Accenture-Reimagining-insurance-the-new-cloud-imperative.pdf#zoom=40
- [2] Anchen, J. (2022). Machine intelligence in insurance. Accessed on 4 February 2024 from https://www.swissre.com/risk-knowledge/advancing-societal-benefits-digitalisation/machine-intelligence-in-insurance.html
- [3] AWS. (2020). Boost unlocks the value of customer data with AWS. Accessed on 4 May 2024 from https://aws.amazon.com/solutions/case-studies/boost/
- [4] Balasubramanian, R., Libarikian, A., & McElhaney, D. (2021). Insurance 2030—The impact of AI on the future of insurance. Accessed on 8 January 2024 from https://www.mckinsey.com/industries/financial-services/our-insights/insurance-2030-the-impact-of-ai-on-the-future-of-insurance
- [5] Bean, R. (2018). Allstate's data-driven business transformation initiative. Forbes. Accessed on 6 May 2024 from https://www.forbes.com/sites/ciocentral/2018/11/11/allstates-data-driven-business-transformation-initiative/?sh=57ba3f764d9e
- [6] Betz, S., & Payne, C. (2021). How insurers can transform by adopting public cloud. Ernst and Young. Accessed on 16 March 2024 from https://www.ey.com/en_gl/insights/financial-services/emeia/how-insurers-cantransform-by-adopting-public-cloud
- [7] Biener, C., Eling, M., & Wirfs, J. H. (2014). Insurability of Cyber Risk: An empirical analysis. The Geneva Papers, 1–28.
- [8] Chekriy, S., & Mukhin, Y. (2018). Blockchain platform for insurance-related products. Glass Cube, 1–33. https://www.ico196.com/uploads/ico_whitepaper/153552952982i-chain.net.wpaper_rev_005.pdf
- [9] Crawford, S., Meadows, I., & Piesse, D. (2016). Blockchain technology as a platform for digitization: Implications for the insurance industry. Viitattu, 2. http://www.ey.com/Publication/vwLUAssets/EY-blockchain-technology-as-a-platform-for-digitization/\$FILE/EY-blockchain-technology-as-a-platform-for-digitization.pdf
- [10] Daley, S. A. M. (2020). Nine companies using blockchain to revolutionize insurance. Accessed on 16 March 2024 from https://builtin.com/blockchain/blockchain-insurance-companies

- [11] Deloitte Digital. (2017). From mystery to mastery: Unlocking the business value of artificial intelligence in the insurance industry. Accessed on 6 May 2024 from https://www2.deloitte.com/content/dam/Deloitte/xe/Documents/financial-services/Artificial-Intelligence-in-Insurance.pdf
- [12] Deloitte. (2016). Blockchain in insurance: Turning a buzzword into a breakthrough for health and life insurers. Accessed on 4 May 2024 from https://www2.deloitte.com/us/en/pages/life-sciences-and-health-care/articles/blockchain-in-insurance.html
- [13] Fuscaldo, D. (2019). Life insurance startup Ethos valued at more than \$400 million after series C raise. Accessed on 6 May 2024 from https://www.forbes.com/sites/donnafuscaldo/2019/08/27/life-insurance-startup-ethos-valued-at-more-than-400-million-after-series-c-raise/?sh=13facfd53e61
- [14] Gatteschi, V., Lamberti, F., Demartini, C., Pranteda, C., & Santamaría, V. (2018). Blockchain and smart contracts for insurance: Is the technology mature enough? Future Internet, 10(2), 20.
- [15] Google Cloud. (2024). AXA Switzerland: Future-proofing the insurance business to help clients in a changing world. Accessed on 6 May 2024 from https://cloud.google.com/customers/axa-switzerland
- [16] Grima, S., Spiteri, J., & Romānova, I. (2020). A STEEP framework analysis of the key factors impacting the use of blockchain technology in the insurance industry. The Geneva Papers on Risk and Insurance-Issues and Practice, 45, 398–425.
- [17] IAIS. (2023). Regulation and supervision of AI/ML in insurance: A thematic review. Accessed on 6 May 2024 from https://www.iaisweb.org/uploads/2023/12/Regulation-and-supervision-of-AI-ML-a-thematic-review.pdf
- [18] Javanmardian, K., Ramezani, S., Srivastava, A., & Talischi, C. (2021). How data and analytics are redefining excellence in P&C underwriting. Accessed on 6 May 2024 from https://www.mckinsey.com/industries/financial-services/our-insights/how-data-and-analytics-are-redefining-excellence-in-p-and-c-underwriting
- [19] Kar, A. K., & Navin, L. (2021). Diffusion of blockchain in insurance industry: An analysis through the review of academic and trade literature. Telematics and Informatics, 58, 101532.
- [20] Kulia, S. (2023). On-demand insurance: The rise of customizable, usage-based coverage. The Times of India. Accessed on 19 August 2023. https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/blogs/voices/on-demand-insurance-the-rise-of-customizable-usage-based-coverage/
- [21] Kumar, P., Taneja, S., Özen, E., & Singh, S. (2023). Artificial Intelligence and machine learning in insurance: A bibliometric analysis. In P. Tyagi, S. Grima, K. Sood, B. Balamurugan, E. Özen, & T. Eleftherios (Eds.), Smart analytics, Artificial Intelligence and sustainable performance management in a global digitalised economy (Contemporary studies in economic and financial analysis, Vol. 110A, pp. 191–202). Emerald Publishing Limited. https://doi.org/10.1108/S1569-37592023000110A010
- [22] Ladva, P., & Grasso, A. (2023). Benefits and use cases of AI in insurance. Accessed on 6 May 2024 from https://www.swissre.com/risk-knowledge/advancing-societal-benefits-digitalisation/opportunities-ai-insurance.html