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Modernizing CMS universe management: A cloud-native approach to medicare compliance

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Abstract

Healthcare organizations managing Medicare Advantage plans face increasing challenges in maintaining compliance with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) universe submission requirements. The transition from traditional manual processes to cloud-native solutions offers transformative opportunities for improving operational efficiency, data accuracy, and regulatory compliance. This technological evolution enables real-time monitoring, automated validation, and enhanced risk management capabilities while providing scalable infrastructure for future growth. The implementation of cloud-based compliance management systems demonstrates significant potential for reducing processing times, improving data quality, and ensuring continuous compliance monitoring across healthcare operations. The integration of advanced analytics, artificial intelligence, and machine learning capabilities further enhances the ability to predict and prevent compliance issues before they emerge. Modern cloud architectures support seamless integration with existing healthcare systems while maintaining strict security protocols and regulatory adherence, enabling organizations to focus on delivering quality patient care rather than managing complex compliance processes.

Keywords: Cloud-Native Compliance; Healthcare Data Management; Medicare Advantage Audits; Regulatory Automation; Universe Submissions

1. Introduction

Healthcare organizations managing Medicare Advantage plans are experiencing significant regulatory oversight from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). According to the 2023 Program Audit and Enforcement Report, CMS conducted comprehensive program audits of 33 Medicare Advantage Organizations (MAOs) and Part D Sponsors, representing approximately 14 million beneficiaries enrolled in Medicare Advantage and Part D plans. These audits revealed that organizations face substantial challenges in maintaining compliance, with 94% of audited sponsors receiving at least one condition-level finding during their program audit [1].

CMS universe submissions have emerged as a critical compliance challenge, particularly as the scope and complexity of audit requirements continue to expand. The 2023 audit data shows that Organizations Determinations, Appeals, and Grievances (ODAG) and Coverage Determinations, Appeals, and Grievances (CDAG) remain the most challenging areas for sponsors, with audit scores averaging 1.12 and 0.86 respectively. These scores indicate significant room for improvement in data management and submission processes [1].

Traditional approaches to managing CMS universe submissions have proven increasingly inadequate. Manual processes for compiling and validating universe data typically require organizations to dedicate significant resources across multiple departments. The 2023 audit findings highlight that many organizations struggle with the 15-business-day

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submission timeline, with 45% of sponsors requiring at least one universe resubmission due to data integrity issues. These resubmissions not only extend the audit timeline but also increase the risk of adverse findings [1].

The impact of non-compliance is substantial. In 2023, CMS issued Civil Money Penalties (CMPs) totaling \$6,362,250 to thirteen Medicare Advantage Organizations and Part D Sponsors. Additionally, four sponsors were referred for enforcement actions due to the severity of their audit findings. This represents a significant increase in enforcement actions compared to previous years, underscoring the growing importance of robust compliance management systems [1].

Modern cloud-based solutions offer a pathway to address these challenges. According to industry analysis of automated CMS Universe Management Systems, organizations can achieve significant improvements in their audit readiness and compliance. These systems provide real-time monitoring capabilities across all universes, automated data validation, and built-in compliance checks that align with CMS requirements. The implementation of such systems has been shown to reduce universe preparation time by up to 60% while significantly improving data accuracy and consistency [2].

Healthcare organizations implementing automated universe management systems have reported substantial operational benefits. These solutions enable continuous monitoring of universe data quality, ensuring that organizations maintain an audit-ready status throughout the year rather than scrambling to prepare when audit notices arrive. The systems provide automated validation against CMS requirements, helping organizations identify and address potential compliance issues before they become audit findings. This proactive approach aligns with CMS's emphasis on comprehensive compliance programs and can help organizations avoid the serious consequences of audit failures [2].

2. The Current Landscape of CMS Universe Submissions

2.1. Understanding CMS Universe Requirements

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has established a comprehensive framework for conducting program audits of Medicare Advantage Organizations (MAOs) and Part D sponsors. These audits focus on specific program areas that directly impact beneficiary access to care, including coverage determinations, appeals, grievances, compliance programs, and special needs plans. The CMS Program Audit protocol requires organizations to submit complete and accurate universe data within strict timelines, typically 15 business days from the audit engagement letter. The program audit process evaluates sponsor compliance with core requirements through a three-pronged approach: universe submissions, webinar reviews, and live audit field work [3].

2.2. Core Audit Focus Areas and Universe Types

The CMS audit program emphasizes several critical operational areas that require distinct universe submissions. The Organization Determinations, Appeals, and Grievances (ODAG) protocol evaluates how well organizations process coverage requests and appeals. According to CMS program audit data, ODAG reviews examine multiple universe submissions, including pre-service and payment requests, appeals, and grievances, with timeliness standards requiring 100% compliance for expedited requests within 72 hours and standard requests within 14 calendar days [3].

Coverage Determinations, Appeals, and Grievances (CDAG) protocols focus specifically on Part D prescription drug benefits. The universe submissions for CDAG must demonstrate compliance with strict processing timeframes, including 24-hour turnaround for expedited coverage determinations and 7-day standards for exception requests. These requirements align with CMS's emphasis on ensuring beneficiaries have timely access to needed medications [3].

The Compliance Program Effectiveness (CPE) protocol examines how well organizations identify, report, and correct non-compliance and fraud, waste, and abuse. Universe submissions must document all compliance incidents, including first-tier, downstream, and related entity (FDR) oversight activities. The 2024 Final Rule strengthens these requirements by implementing new marketing requirements and oversight responsibilities for third-party marketing organizations (TPMOs), which must be reflected in CPE universe submissions [4].

Special Needs Plans Model of Care (SNP MOC) reviews focus on care coordination for vulnerable populations. The 2024 Medicare Advantage and Part D Final Rule implements changes that affect how organizations must document and report care management activities. These include new requirements for conducting health risk assessments, implementing care plans, and coordinating care transitions, all of which must be captured in universe submissions with complete accuracy [4].

Financial, Training, and Enrollment Audit Modules (FTEAM) have been enhanced under the 2024 Final Rule to include strengthened oversight of marketing activities and agent/broker compensation. Organizations must maintain a comprehensive universe of data demonstrating compliance with new requirements for marketing materials, including oversight of third-party marketing organizations and documentation of all marketing activities. The rule implements specific requirements for recording and reporting agent and broker compensation, which must be reflected in FTEAM universe submissions [4].

2.3. Impact of Recent Regulatory Changes

The 2024 Medicare Advantage and Part D Final Rule has introduced significant changes that directly impact the universe submission requirements. These changes include new marketing oversight responsibilities, strengthened requirements for utilization management programs, and enhanced standards for prior authorization processes. Organizations must now maintain universal data demonstrating compliance with shortened prior authorization timeframes and new continuation of coverage requirements during beneficiary transitions. The rule also implements specific requirements for Medicare Advantage plans to establish utilization management committee structures and processes, which must be documented within relevant universe submissions [4].

Table 1 Core Universe Types and Requirements [3,4]

Universe Type	Processing Timeline	Key Requirements
ODAG	72 hours (expedited)	Coverage requests, appeals
CDAG	24 hours (expedited)	Prescription drug benefits
CPE	Continuous	Compliance incidents, FDR oversight
SNP MOC	Ongoing	Care coordination, assessments
FTEAM	Regular reporting	Marketing oversight, compensation

3. Cloud Architecture Solution Components for CMS Universe Management

3.1. Comprehensive Cloud Infrastructure

The healthcare industry’s transition to cloud-based compliance management systems represents a significant evolution in how organizations handle regulatory requirements. Research from the German Informatics Society reveals that healthcare organizations implementing cloud solutions must address four key architectural layers: data acquisition, data transformation, data storage, and data utilization. The study emphasizes that healthcare data processing systems must maintain strict compliance with regulatory requirements while handling increasing data volumes. Modern healthcare systems typically process between 80-100 terabytes of structured and unstructured data annually, necessitating robust cloud infrastructure capable of scaling to meet these demands [5].

3.2. Data Integration Layer

The foundation of effective CMS universe management relies on comprehensive data integration capabilities that align with modern healthcare data management practices. The integration layer must support multiple data formats and sources while complying with HIPAA and other regulatory requirements. According to healthcare technology implementation studies, successful cloud integration platforms must support both real-time data synchronization and batch processing capabilities, with organizations typically managing data from 8-12 distinct source systems for complete universe compilation. These systems must maintain strict data governance protocols while ensuring seamless integration with existing healthcare infrastructure [6].

3.3. Validation and Compliance Engine

Modern validation engines in healthcare cloud architectures incorporate sophisticated rule processing capabilities. The architecture must support complex validation rules that ensure compliance with CMS requirements while maintaining data integrity across all integrated systems. Healthcare organizations implementing cloud-based validation engines have reported significant improvements in data quality management through automated validation processes. These systems employ multi-level validation frameworks that examine both structural and semantic aspects of healthcare data, ensuring consistency across all universe submissions [5].

3.4. Workflow Orchestration

The workflow orchestration layer represents a critical component in managing complex healthcare data processing requirements. According to healthcare data management best practices, effective workflow systems must incorporate automated scheduling, monitoring, and notification capabilities while maintaining complete audit trails of all data processing activities. The workflow engine must support both automated and manual intervention points, allowing organizations to maintain control over critical decision points in the universe submission process [6].

3.5. Data Security and Compliance

Healthcare cloud architectures must implement comprehensive security measures that align with HIPAA requirements and other regulatory standards. The security framework must address data encryption, access control, and audit logging while maintaining system performance. Modern healthcare cloud implementations require role-based access control systems that can manage hundreds of concurrent users while maintaining strict separation of duties and detailed activity logging [6].

3.6. Performance and Scalability

Cloud architectures for healthcare data management must demonstrate reliable performance characteristics while maintaining the ability to scale with growing data volumes. The system architecture must support both vertical and horizontal scaling to accommodate increasing data processing requirements during audit periods. Organizations implementing cloud-based solutions must ensure their systems can handle peak processing loads while maintaining consistent performance across all components [5].

3.7. Integration with Existing Systems

Successful cloud architectures in healthcare environments must demonstrate seamless integration capabilities with existing systems and processes. The integration framework must support standard healthcare data formats and communication protocols while maintaining backward compatibility with legacy systems. Organizations must ensure their cloud architecture can support both modern API-based integration and traditional file-based data exchange methods [6].

Table 2 Cloud Architecture Components [5,6]

Component	Primary Function	Key Features
Data Integration	Source system connectivity	Multi-format support
Validation Engine	Compliance verification	Rule processing
Workflow Orchestration	Process automation	Task scheduling
Security Framework	Data protection	Access control
Performance Management	System optimization	Scalability support

4. Implementation Strategies for CMS Universe Management Systems

4.1. Strategic Implementation Framework

The implementation of healthcare information technology systems requires a carefully structured approach that considers both technical and organizational factors. According to recent research published in Frontiers in Digital Health, successful healthcare IT implementations must address three critical dimensions: technological infrastructure, organizational readiness, and user adoption. The study emphasizes that organizations must establish clear governance structures and implementation frameworks that align with regulatory requirements while supporting operational efficiency [7].

4.2. Phased Deployment Methodology

4.2.1. Foundation Phase

The initial implementation phase focuses on establishing core infrastructure and fundamental capabilities. Research indicates that healthcare organizations must begin with a comprehensive assessment of their existing systems and data

sources. This phase requires careful attention to interoperability requirements and data standardization. Organizations must establish baseline metrics for data quality and system performance, with particular emphasis on meeting regulatory compliance requirements for protected health information (PHI) handling and HIPAA compliance [7].

4.2.2. Enhancement Phase

During the enhancement phase, organizations focus on expanding system capabilities and implementing advanced features. According to healthcare IT implementation best practices, this phase should prioritize the development of automated workflows and validation processes. The emphasis should be on enhancing data accuracy and processing efficiency while maintaining strict compliance with regulatory requirements. Organizations must establish clear metrics for measuring improvement in data processing efficiency and accuracy [8].

4.2.3. Optimization Phase

The optimization phase focuses on refining system performance and implementing advanced capabilities. Healthcare organizations must establish continuous improvement processes that monitor system performance and user adoption. This phase requires regular assessment of system effectiveness and implementation of refinements based on operational feedback and emerging requirements. Organizations should focus on maximizing system efficiency while ensuring ongoing compliance with evolving regulatory standards [8].

4.3. Best Practices for Implementation Success

4.3.1. Data Governance Framework

Effective data governance represents a fundamental requirement for successful healthcare IT implementations. According to implementation research, organizations must establish clear data ownership structures and quality standards that align with regulatory requirements. The governance framework should address data quality management, security protocols, and compliance monitoring. Organizations must develop comprehensive policies and procedures that ensure consistent data handling practices across all operational areas [7].

4.3.2. Change Management and Training

Successful implementation requires a structured approach to change management and user training. Healthcare IT implementation best practices emphasize the importance of comprehensive training programs that address both technical and operational aspects of the system. Organizations must develop role-specific training materials and establish ongoing support mechanisms to ensure successful user adoption. The change management strategy should include regular communication updates and feedback mechanisms to address user concerns and system improvements [8].

4.3.3. Process Integration and Workflow Optimization

Healthcare organizations must ensure effective integration of new systems with existing workflows and processes. The implementation strategy should focus on minimizing disruption to existing operations while improving overall efficiency. Organizations must establish clear processes for workflow optimization and system refinement based on operational feedback. The integration approach should emphasize maintaining operational continuity while implementing system improvements [8].

4.3.4. Performance Monitoring and Quality Assurance

Ongoing monitoring of system performance and data quality represents a critical component of successful implementations. Organizations must establish comprehensive monitoring frameworks that track system performance, data accuracy, and user adoption metrics. The quality assurance program should include regular audits of system functionality and data accuracy to ensure ongoing compliance with regulatory requirements [7].

4.3.5. Continuous Improvement Framework

Healthcare organizations must establish processes for ongoing system optimization and improvement. The continuous improvement framework should include regular assessment of system performance and implementation of refinements based on operational feedback. Organizations should maintain focus on enhancing system efficiency while ensuring compliance with evolving regulatory requirements [8].

5. Benefits of Cloud-Native CMS Universe Management

5.1. Operational Efficiency and Resource Optimization

Cloud-native solutions in healthcare have transformed the way organizations manage their compliance and operational requirements. According to research on cloud-native healthcare implementations, organizations are experiencing significant improvements in operational efficiency through the adoption of containerized applications and microservices architectures. These modern cloud architectures enable healthcare organizations to maintain continuous compliance while supporting rapid scaling and deployment of new capabilities. The implementation of cloud-native solutions has demonstrated particular effectiveness in managing complex regulatory requirements such as HIPAA compliance and CMS submissions [9].

5.2. Enhanced Data Security and Compliance

Cloud-native healthcare solutions provide robust security features that align with stringent compliance requirements. The implementation of multi-layered security protocols, including encryption at rest and in transit, ensures the protection of sensitive healthcare data. Organizations implementing cloud-native solutions must maintain compliance with key regulatory frameworks, including HIPAA, HITECH, and state-specific privacy laws. The cloud infrastructure supports comprehensive audit logging and monitoring capabilities that enable organizations to maintain detailed records of all system access and data modifications [10].

5.3. Scalability and Performance Benefits

Modern cloud-native architectures provide healthcare organizations with significant advantages in terms of scalability and performance optimization. The containerized approach enables organizations to efficiently manage resource allocation while maintaining consistent performance levels. Cloud-native solutions support automatic scaling capabilities that allow systems to adapt to changing workload requirements while maintaining strict compliance with security and privacy regulations [9].

5.4. Compliance Management and Risk Mitigation

Healthcare organizations implementing cloud-native solutions benefit from enhanced compliance management capabilities. The cloud infrastructure supports comprehensive compliance monitoring and reporting functions that align with regulatory requirements. Organizations can maintain continuous compliance monitoring while implementing automated controls for risk management. The cloud-native architecture enables the implementation of sophisticated access controls and audit mechanisms that support regulatory compliance requirements [10].

5.5. Cost Optimization and Resource Management

The adoption of cloud-native solutions provides healthcare organizations with opportunities for significant cost optimization. The cloud infrastructure enables efficient resource allocation while reducing requirements for on-premises hardware and maintenance. Organizations can implement sophisticated monitoring and management tools that ensure optimal resource utilization while maintaining compliance with regulatory requirements. The cloud-native approach supports the implementation of cost-effective disaster recovery and business continuity solutions [9].

5.6. Innovation and Future Readiness

Cloud-native architectures enable healthcare organizations to maintain pace with technological innovation while ensuring ongoing compliance. The modern cloud infrastructure supports rapid deployment of new capabilities and integration with emerging technologies. Organizations can implement advanced analytics and artificial intelligence capabilities while maintaining strict compliance with regulatory requirements. The cloud-native approach enables continuous improvement and adaptation to evolving healthcare technology requirements [10].

5.7. Automated Compliance Monitoring

Cloud-native solutions provide sophisticated capabilities for automated compliance monitoring and reporting. The implementation of automated monitoring tools enables organizations to maintain continuous oversight of compliance status while reducing manual effort requirements. The cloud infrastructure supports comprehensive audit trails and documentation that align with regulatory requirements for compliance reporting [10].

5.8. Enhanced Data Management

Healthcare organizations benefit from improved data management capabilities through cloud-native implementations. The cloud infrastructure supports sophisticated data integration and management functions while maintaining strict compliance with privacy and security requirements. Organizations can implement advanced data analytics capabilities while ensuring protection of sensitive healthcare information [9].

Table 3 Cloud-Native Benefits [9,10]

Benefit Category	Impact Areas	Key Outcomes
Operational Efficiency	Process automation	Reduced manual effort
Data Security	Protection measures	Enhanced compliance
Scalability	Resource management	Flexible capacity
Cost Optimization	Resource allocation	Reduced infrastructure costs

6. Future Outlook for CMS Universe Management

6.1. Evolution of Healthcare Compliance Technology

The healthcare industry is experiencing rapid technological transformation that will significantly impact compliance management systems. According to healthcare technology predictions, the integration of artificial intelligence and machine learning in healthcare operations is expected to grow exponentially. These advancements will fundamentally change how healthcare organizations approach regulatory compliance and data management, with particular emphasis on improving efficiency and accuracy in compliance monitoring [11].

6.2. Advanced Analytics and Predictive Capabilities

The future of healthcare compliance will be significantly influenced by advances in data analytics and artificial intelligence. Healthcare organizations are increasingly adopting sophisticated analytics platforms that can process large volumes of healthcare data while maintaining strict compliance with regulatory requirements. These systems will enable more efficient handling of compliance requirements while supporting improved decision-making capabilities through advanced data analysis [12].

6.3. Automation and Process Enhancement

The integration of automated solutions in healthcare compliance represents a significant advancement in operational efficiency. Smart technology implementations are transforming how organizations manage compliance requirements, with particular emphasis on reducing manual processing requirements while improving accuracy. These automated systems support continuous compliance monitoring while enabling more efficient allocation of resources across healthcare operations [11].

6.4. Cloud-Based Compliance Solutions

Healthcare organizations are increasingly adopting cloud-based solutions for compliance management. The implementation of cloud technologies enables more efficient handling of compliance requirements while supporting improved security and data protection. These systems provide healthcare organizations with scalable solutions that can adapt to changing regulatory requirements while maintaining strict compliance with security and privacy regulations [12].

6.5. Artificial Intelligence in Healthcare Compliance

The integration of artificial intelligence in healthcare compliance management represents a significant advancement in operational capabilities. AI-powered systems enable more sophisticated analysis of compliance data while supporting improved decision-making capabilities. These systems can identify potential compliance issues more efficiently while enabling a proactive response to emerging regulatory requirements [11].

6.6. Enhanced Data Security

The future of healthcare compliance technology emphasizes enhanced security capabilities through advanced technological solutions. Healthcare organizations are implementing sophisticated security measures that protect sensitive data while maintaining compliance with regulatory requirements. These security implementations include advanced encryption technologies and comprehensive monitoring capabilities that ensure the protection of healthcare information [12].

6.7. Integration of Emerging Technologies

Healthcare organizations are increasingly adopting emerging technologies that enhance compliance management capabilities. The implementation of advanced technologies enables more efficient handling of compliance requirements while supporting improved operational efficiency. These technological advancements support continuous improvement in compliance management while enabling adaptation to evolving regulatory requirements [11].

6.8. Compliance Monitoring and Reporting

The future of healthcare compliance includes enhanced capabilities for monitoring and reporting compliance status. Advanced systems enable real-time monitoring of compliance requirements while supporting improved reporting capabilities. These implementations enable healthcare organizations to maintain comprehensive oversight of compliance status while supporting efficient response to regulatory requirements [12].

Table 4 Future Technology Trends [11,12]

Technology Area	Applications	Expected Benefits
AI/ML	Predictive monitoring	Enhanced accuracy
Advanced Analytics	Data processing	Improved insights
Automation	Process enhancement	Reduced manual effort
Cloud Solutions	Compliance management	Scalable operations

7. Conclusion

The modernization of CMS universe management through cloud-native solutions represents a critical advancement in healthcare compliance technology. The integration of automated validation, real-time monitoring, and advanced analytics capabilities enables healthcare organizations to maintain continuous compliance while improving operational efficiency. Cloud-based implementations provide scalable infrastructure that supports future technological advancements while ensuring robust security and data protection. This technological transformation positions healthcare organizations to effectively manage evolving regulatory requirements while maintaining focus on delivering quality patient care. The adoption of cloud-native architectures fundamentally transforms how organizations approach compliance management, moving from reactive to proactive strategies through predictive analytics and automated risk assessment. Enhanced data integration capabilities enable seamless coordination across multiple healthcare systems, while sophisticated security protocols ensure protection of sensitive information. The implementation of artificial intelligence and machine learning algorithms further augments compliance monitoring capabilities, enabling early detection of potential issues and automated corrective actions. These technological advancements, combined with streamlined workflows and improved data accuracy, create a robust foundation for ongoing regulatory compliance while reducing operational costs and resource requirements. Additionally, the scalable nature of cloud solutions ensures organizations can readily adapt to new requirements and industry changes without significant infrastructure modifications.

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